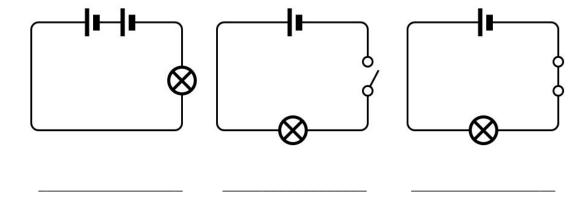


Warm Up – 'Spot the difference'

Are these circuits on or off? Write your answer under each circuit.



| | | | |
|------|------|------|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.1 Exploring Circuits



Mini-lesson

Keyword Review

Match the keyword to its definition:

| Keyword |
|-------------|
| Circuit |
| Battery |
| Switch |
| Electricity |

| Description |
|---|
| the complete path of an electric current |
| an electric cell or connected electric cells for providing electric current |
| a form of energy that is found in nature but can be produced by rubbing together two unlike things (such as glass and silk) by the action of chemicals or by a generator |
| a device for making, breaking or changing the connections in an electrical circuit |

Let's Discuss

| Why do we use symbols instead of images for circuits? In your workboom or with a partner, record, discuss, or share one 'real world' example of an open and closed circuit. |
|---|
| |
| |
| |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.1 Exploring Circuits



Challenge 1

Look at the pictures and read the steps that describe Challenge 1. What happens first? Second? Third? Write the number of the step to match each picture. Step 1 has been completed for you.

| Steps | Instructions | Workspace |
|---------|---|---|
| | Change the Light Sensor to be a Button within the settings. | Select the types of values output by this block As a button (False / True) Select light sensor appearance |
| Step 1. | Using cardboard, draw a square to represent the wire. | |
| | Fix the string or draw a line in the shape of a rectangle. | Battery |
| | Turn on and pair the Light Sensor and RGB LED. | ₹ -51 RGBLED X |



| Use a cylinder shape (like a paper roll) to create a battery. Label it. | Battery |
|--|---------|
| Add the following blocks to the Workspace: • Light Sensor block • RGB LED • Toggle block • Buzzer block (/Sound Player block) | 91 |
| Fix the RGB LED, Light Sensor and, if it's available to you, the Buzzer block onto the string circuit. | Battery |
| Test your system | |
| Connect the blocks in this order: Light Sensor block to the Toggle block Toggle block to the RGB LED and Buzzer (or Sound Player). | |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.1 Exploring Circuits



We can use transitional phrases to talk about the order events or actions that take place. Practice using transitional phrases when presenting your system.

| Time & Sequence | Compare (+) | Contrast (-) | Cause and Effect |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| first/second/third | also | but | because |
| next | equally | however | so |
| after | likewise | otherwise | therefore |
| then | in addition | on one hand on the other hand | as a result |
| finally/overall/to sum up | similarly | opposite | due to |



Warm Up - Scientific Investigation

This is called a 'mnemonic' a way to help us remember the order of the planets. Can you come up with your own?

| Planet | Mnemonic | Your Mnemonic |
|---------|----------|---------------|
| Mercury | Му | |
| Venus | Very | |
| Earth | Excited | |
| Mars | Mother | |
| Jupiter | Just | |
| Saturn | Served | |
| Uranus | Us | |
| Neptune | Noodles | |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.2 Earth and Orbit



Mini-lesson

Keyword Review

Can you fill in the gaps using the keyword bank?

| Orbit | Linptical | Laitii | Opacc | LOW LEVEL OIDIE | 1 lancts |
|----------------|--|---|--|--|---|
| The path the | e Earth or plan | et makes ard | ound the su | n is called an | |
| The orbit is | not circular it i | S | | | |
| There are 8 | | in | | all orbit | ing the sun. |
| will be within | n the first 100 | and 200 mile | s from the | earth and is called | and it |
| Let's Discus | SS | | | | |
| • | | a partner, | record, d | iscuss, or share w | hat a low |
| | The path the The orbit is There are 8 We launch re will be withing the content of | The path the Earth or plan The orbit is not circular it i There are 8 We launch many rockets a will be within the first 100et's Discuss | The path the Earth or planet makes are The orbit is not circular it is | The path the Earth or planet makes around the surface of the orbit is not circular it is | The path the Earth or planet makes around the sun is called an The orbit is not circular it is There are 8 in all orbit We launch many rockets and satellites that will orbit will be within the first 100 and 200 miles from the earth and is called(LEO). Let's Discuss In your workbook or with a partner, record, discuss, or share w |

Challenge 1

Look at the pictures, then read the sentences that describe Challenge 1. What happens First? Second? Third? Write the number of the step below each picture. Step 1 has been completed for you.



| | Wind the two ends together to have one piece of wire going up and secure down with blue tack. | |
|---------|---|--|
| | Cut a piece of wire and attach to the DC Motor Wheel. | |
| | Secure the Wheel to DC Motor and the Car Chassis. | |
| | Turn on and pair: 1 Slider/Virtual Slider 1 DC Motor block | |
| Step 1. | Collect materials: • Wire - floral • Blu Tack • 2 x different sized styrofoam balls | |
| | Attach the Styrofoam balls to the top of the wires. | |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.2 Earth and Orbit



| Connect the Slider block to the DC Motor block. | |
|--|--|
| Cut a second piece of wire and secure to wheel edge. | |

We can use transitional phrases to talk about the order events or actions that take place. Practice by using transitional phrases in order to present your system.

| Time & Sequence | Compare (+) | Contrast (-) | Cause and Effect |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| first/second/third | also | but | because |
| next | equally | however | so |
| after | likewise | otherwise | therefore |
| then | in addition | on one hand on the other hand | as a result |
| finally/overall/to sum up | similarly | opposite | due to |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.3 Night and Day



Warm Up – True or False

Look at the statements below and 'X' if they are TRUE or FALSE

| Statement | TRUE | FALSE |
|--|------|-------|
| The Earth spins tilted on an axis. | | |
| The Earth rotates westward. | | |
| The South Pole is always lit by the sun. | | |
| The North Pole is always lit by the sun. | | |
| It takes the Earth 1 day (24hrs) to do a full rotation. | | |
| When the Sun shines light on the Earth all of the Earth is lit. | | |
| The Sun cannot reach all of the Earth. Half of the Earth is always dark, experiencing nighttime. | | |
| The South pole is located at the top of the Earth where the tilted axis is located. | | |
| The North pole is located at the bottom of the Earth where the tilted axis is located. | | |

Mini-lesson

Keyword Review

Fill in the gaps using the keyword bank.

| | Light | Tilted | Axis | Sun | Day | Earth | Dark |
|----|--------------|--------|---------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|------------|
| 1. | The Earth is | | fr | om the Nort | h and South | poles on ar | า |
| | | | | | | | |
| 2. | The | | _ spins one | full circle in | 1 day (24 h | ours) around | d the sun. |
| 3. | The | | _ shines on t | the Earth, wl | nere the | | hits the |
| | Earth is | t | ime and wh | ere it is | is | s night time. | |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.3 Night and Day



| 1 - 11 - | D: |
|----------|---------|
| I AT'C | Discuss |
| LULO | レしいしいこ |

| In your workbook or with a partner, record, discuss, or share how the position of the sun indicates the time. | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Challenge 1

Look at the pictures, then read the sentences that describe Challenge 1. What happens First? Second? Third? Write the number of the step below each picture. Step 1 has been completed for you.

| Turn on and pair: Toggle block DC Motor block | SPACE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P |
|--|--|
| Mount the stick onto the wheel with the Earth on top again | |
| Test your system | SPACE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.3 Night and Day



| | Add a 2nd wheel to the motor and stick together | |
|---------|---|--|
| Step 1. | Place the DC Motor block secured sideways on the Car Chassis | |
| | Open the settings of the DC Motor to make the motor as slow as possible without stopping. | Pick rotation & speed Clockwise C Anticlockwise Speed |

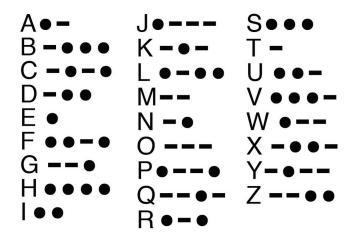
We can use transitional phrases to talk about the order events or actions that take place. Practice using transitional phrases when presenting your system.

| Time & Sequence | Compare (+) | Contrast (-) | Cause and Effect |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| first/second/third | also | but | because |
| next | equally | however | so |
| after | likewise | otherwise | therefore |
| then | in addition | on one hand on the other hand | as a result |
| finally/overall/to sum up | similarly | opposite | due to |



Warm Up - "Decode the message"

Can you decipher the hidden message from the Morse code below.



| | | / | | |
|--------|-----|---|---|---|
| ١. | -:: | | / | |
| | | | | / |
| | | | / | |
| | | | - | |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.4 Morse Code Alert



Mini-lesson

Keyword Review

Fill in the blanks with the appropriate keyword using the word bank below.

| Civil War | Code | Decipher | relegraph | Wessages | Encrypted |
|----------------|-------------------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|--------------|
| During the | | | | there wa | s one secure |
| way to send _ | | | and th | at was using c | lots and |
| dashes to repr | esent letters a | nd numbers ar | nd this was call | ed | |
| | | | | | |
| Morse Code w | vas the first way | y to send | | message | es and the |
| machine devel | oped to send t | hem was the _ | | | _ and the |
| person who re | ceived the mes | ssages would r | eceive the me | ssage and | |
| | | it. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Let's Discus | S | | | | |
| • | book or with d Lincoln win | • | | s, or share h | ow Morse |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |



Challenge 1

Look at the pictures and read the steps that describe Challenge 1. What happens first? Second? Third? Write the number of the step to match each picture. Step 1 has been completed for you.

| Steps | Instructions | Workspace |
|---------|--|--------------|
| | Connect the Button Block to the other Toggle block and into the AND gate block | |
| Step 1. | Turn on and pair: Buzzer/Virtual Buzzer block Drag onto the workspace: 2 Toggle blocks Key Press block AND gate block Interval block Text block Morse Code block Buzzer block | SPACE O DD • |
| | Connect the output of the Morse Code block to the RGB LED block and the Buzzer block | |



| Connect the output of the AND gate block to the other blocks in this order; Interval block, Text block, Morse Code block | • = -0 • = -0 • = -0 |
|--|----------------------------|
| Test your system | |
| Connect the Key Press block to a Toggle block and into the AND gate block | AND A |
| Pair the Button block, RGB LED block and the Buzzer block with the system | RGBLED |

We can use transitional phrases to talk about the order events or actions that take place. Practice using transitional phrases when presenting your system.

| Time & Sequence | Compare (+) | Contrast (-) | Cause and Effect |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| first/second/third | also | but | because |
| next | equally | however | so |
| after | likewise | otherwise | therefore |
| then | in addition | on one hand on the other hand | as a result |
| finally/overall/to sum up | similarly | opposite | due to |



Warm Up - "Which is the strongest?"

Look at the possible passwords below and order then with the strongest at [1] and the weakest at [4]

| Password | Order (1-4) | Explanation |
|----------|-------------|-------------|
| qwertyz1 | | |
| P8ss>ord | | |
| 12345678 | | |
| tser67!# | | |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.5 Patterns and Passwords



Mini-lesson

Keyword Review

Fill in the blanks with the appropriate keyword using the word bank below.

| | Cyberbullying | E-Safety | Hack | Grooming |
|----|---|----------------------|---|---|
| 1. | . When you are online you need to consider how you stay safe and this is called | | | |
| 2. | | | is when you bully | someone online and this |
| | is a prosecutat | ole offence and sho | uld be reported to a | teacher, parent or police |
| | officer to help | stop the abuse. | | |
| 3. | When you mee | t someone online, h | now do you know the | ey are who they say they |
| | are? You canno | ot see the person ar | nd because of this, s | omeone could pretend to |
| | be a friend the | same age as you ar | nd use this to get clo | ser to you, this is called |
| | | It is | s important to make | sure you keep your |
| | information sec | cure when online as | any information not | protected could be used |
| | to | into your a | ccounts. | |
| L | et's Discuss | | | |
| С | - | • | ner, record, discu afe online and no | ss, or share what you t fall victim to |
| - | | | | |
| | | | | |



Challenge 1

Look at the pictures and read the steps that describe Challenge 1. What happens first? Second? Third? Write the number of the step to match each picture. Step 1 has been completed for you.

| Steps | Instructions | Workspace |
|---------|--|----------------------------|
| | Edit the Key Press blocks to A, B and C | A B |
| Step 1. | Turn on and pair: • 1 RGB LED block | RGB LED |
| | Connect the output of A and B Compare blocks to an AND gate block | A - 000 - 2 B - 000 - 1 |
| | Connect the output of the AND gate to the RGB LED | |
| | Test your system | |
| | Drag on to the workspace • 3 x Key Press blocks • 3 x Counter blocks • 3 x Compare blocks • 2 x AND gate block | SPACE AND OOO OOO |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.5 Patterns and Passwords



| Connect each Key Press block to its own Counter block and then into a Compare block | A • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |
|--|--|
| Connect the output of C Compare block to an AND gate block | ⊙ ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• |
| Each Compare block needs to be edited within the settings to: • A = 2 • B = 1 • C = 1 | A |
| Connect the output of the first AND gate block to the input of the second AND gate block | |

We can use transitional phrases to talk about the order events or actions that take place. Practice using transitional phrases when presenting your system.

| Time & Sequence | Compare (+) | Contrast (-) | Cause and Effect |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| first/second/third | also | but | because |
| next | equally | however | so |
| after | likewise | otherwise | therefore |
| then | in addition | on one hand on the other hand | as a result |
| finally/overall/to sum up | similarly | opposite | due to |



Warm Up - "Let it go"

You all have a balloon and, using the table below, predict what will happen when you blow it up and let it go, then think about why that happened:

| Prediction | Outcome | Why did this happen? |
|------------|---------|----------------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
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| | | |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.6 **Every action...**



Mini-lesson

Keyword Review

Fill in the blanks with the appropriate keyword using the work bank below.

| Newton's Third Law | Motion | Action |
|--------------------|----------|--------|
| Reaction | Opposite | Equal |

To push an object, that object will push back in the opposite direction

| equally hard. This is called | of |
|--|--------------|
| where every | has an |
| and | - |
| · | |
| Let's Discuss | |
| 2010 2100000 | |
| In your workbook or with a partner, reco how Newton's Third Law of Motion can | • |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |



Challenge 1

Look at the pictures and read the steps that describe Challenge 1. What happens first? Second? Third? Write the number of the step to match each picture.

Step 1 has been completed for you.

| Steps | Instructions | Workspace |
|---------|---|-----------|
| | Place the car on top of the cardboard | |
| Step 1. | Start with the system created in the worked example | |
| | Test it! | |
| | Place a cardboard on top of the pencils | |
| | Experiment with speed | |



Place pencils on the surface



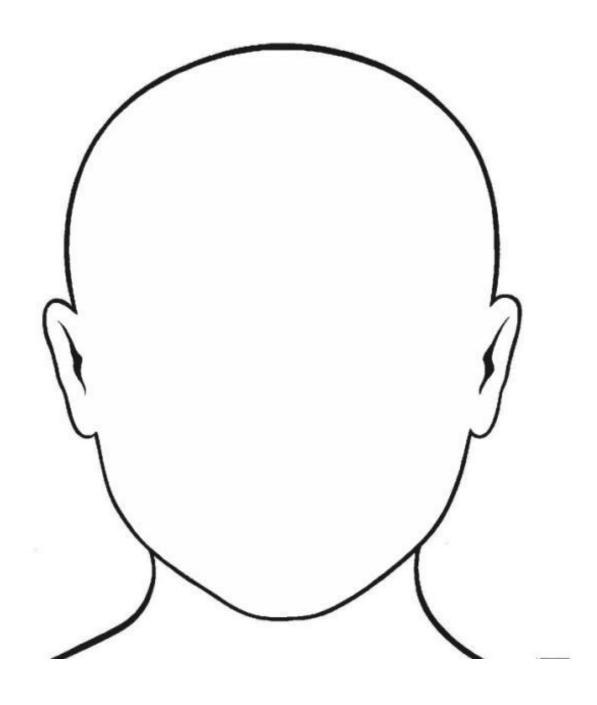
We can use transitional phrases to talk about the order events or actions that take place. Practice by using transitional phrases in order to present your system.

| Time & Sequence | Compare (+) | Contrast (-) | Cause and Effect |
|------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| first/second/third | also | but | because |
| next | equally | however | so |
| after | likewise | otherwise | therefore |
| then | in addition | on one hand on the other hand | as a result |
| finally/overall/to sum up | similarly | opposite | due to |



Warm Up - "What have you inherited from your family?"

On the diagram below identify your traits (e.g. eye color, hair color, skin tone, freckles) and state who you think they are inherited from.



Student Workbook: Lesson 4.7 **Exploring Heredity**



Mini-lesson

Keyword Review

Match the Keywords with their definition.

| Allele | The bossy allele which takes control |
|-----------|---|
| DNA | The genetic code which determines the characteristics of a living thing |
| Gene | Different forms of the same gene e.g. blue eyes or green eyes. |
| Recessive | The characteristics you inherit from your parents. |
| Dominant | The allele which only shows up if two parents have it. |

Punnett Squares

Complete the following Punnett Squares to show potential eye color of offspring.

1. What is the ratio of brown eyed to blue eyed offspring if both parents have brown eyes with the allele Bb?

| | В | b |
|---|---|---|
| В | | |
| b | | |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.7 **Exploring Heredity**



| | ratio of brown ey nt has blue eyes (| | offspring if one parent has brown eyes (| Bb) |
|---------------|---|--------------------|---|------|
| | | | 7 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | • | • | offspring if one parent has brown eyes v | vith |
| the allele BB | and one parent ha | as blue eyes (bb)? | ? ¬ | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Let's Discu | ISS | | | |
| • | | • | cord, discuss, or share how is in the future. | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |



Challenge 1

Look at the pictures and read the steps that describe Challenge 1. What happens first? Second? Third? Write the number of the step to match each picture. Step 1 has been completed for you.

| Steps | Instructions | Workspace |
|--------|---|---|
| Step 1 | Delete one Key Press block from the workspace. Access the settings of the remaining Key Press and change the label to P. | Choose key Q W E R T Y U I O P A S D F G H J K L Z X C V B N M |
| | Access the settings of the first compare block and set it to =1. Access the settings of the second Compare block and set it to ≥ 2. | Select values to compare against 1 |
| | Delete the connection between the remaining Key Press and Color block. | P - 8 |
| | Connect the output of each Color block to the RGB LED.Test your system. | D 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 0 |
| | Drag a Counter block and 2 x Compare blocks to the workspace. | = 60 = 60 |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.7 **Exploring Heredity**



Connect the Counter block to the Key Press. Connect the Counter block to both Compare blocks, then connect each Compare block to its corresponding Color block.



We can use transitional phrases to talk about the order events or actions that take place. Practice using transitional phrases when presenting your system.

| Time & Sequence | Compare (+) | Contrast (-) | Cause and Effect |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| first/second/third | also | but | because |
| next | equally | however | so |
| after | likewise | otherwise | therefore |
| then | in addition | on one hand on the other hand | as a result |
| finally/overall/to sum up | similarly | opposite | due to |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.8 Grey or Ginger Kittens



Warm Up - "Genetic Variation"

| | survive. | | |
|---|----------|--|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| - | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Sketch and label three examples of animals who need to move quickly in order to



Mini-lesson - "We are the Survivors"

How has each animal adapted specific traits in order to survive in its habitat?

| Animal | Specific traits |
|--------|-----------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.8 Grey or Ginger Kittens



List your arguments for the advantages of each fur color.



Keyword Review

Draw a line between each keyword and its definition.

Evolution Part of a cell in a living thing which

controls its physical characteristics,

growth and development.

Allele
A complex chemical which carries

genetic information.

Genetic Variation

Different forms of the same gene.

Different features of the same

species.

The process by which different kinds of living organisms have developed

over time.

Let's Discuss

Gene

DNA

In your workbook or with a partner, record, discuss, or share how a giraffe has adapted specific traits to aid its survival.





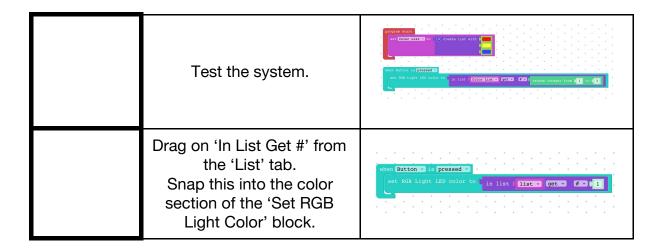
Challenge 1

Look at the pictures and read the steps that describe Challenge 1. What happens first? Second? Third? Write the number of the step to match each picture. Step 1 has been completed for you.

| Steps | Instructions | Workspace | |
|---------|--|---|--|
| | Drag on 'Set RGB Light Color' from the 'RGB Light', 'Actions' tab. Snap into 'When Button is Pressed'. | when Button v is pressed v set RGB Light LED color to | |
| Step 1. | Drag 'When Button is Pressed' from the 'Button' tab onto the workspace. | when Button v is pressed v | |
| | Drag on the 'Random Integer' block from the 'Math' tab and snap into 'In List Get #'. | in list list get frandom integer from 0 1 to 0 3 | |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.8 **Grey or Ginger Kittens**





We can use transitional phrases to talk about the order events or actions that take place. Practice using transitional phrases when presenting your system.

| Time & Sequence | Compare (+) | Contrast (-) | Cause and Effect |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| first/second/third | also | but | because |
| next | equally | however | so |
| after | likewise | otherwise | therefore |
| then | in addition | on one hand on the other hand | as a result |
| finally/overall/to sum up | similarly | opposite | due to |

Solar Energy



Warm Up - "Positive or Negative?"

Many of the activities that humans do in the world can greatly impact upon the environment. Think about each of the human actions below and join a line to either the word 'positive' or 'negative'.











Positive

Negative



Mini-lesson

Keyword Review

Fill in the blanks with the appropriate keyword using the word bank below.

| Fossil Fuels | Renewable | Non-renewable |
|--------------|-----------|---------------|
| Solar | Wind | Water |

About three quarters of the electricity generated in the UK comes from fossil

| , , | |
|--|---------------------|
| fuels which is a energ | gy. |
| cause pollution and we are dep | oleting the Earth's |
| resources, resulting in the need to utilize a sustainable for | orm of energy. |
| The World needs to research more ways for | |
| energy like; | , |
| and | |
| Let's Discuss | |
| In your workbook or with a partner, record, discuss, example of how renewable energy could be used to environment. | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |



Challenge 1

Look at the pictures and read the steps that describe Challenge 1. What happens first? Second? Third? Write the number of the step to match each picture. Step 1 has been completed for you.

| Steps | Instructions | Workspace |
|---------|--|--|
| | Drag the following blocks onto the workspace: • Cycle Colors block • Compare block x2 • Inverse block | # = 60 RGB |
| Step 1. | Secure 4 x pieces of tissue paper to the Wheel. | |
| | Test your system. | 20 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - |

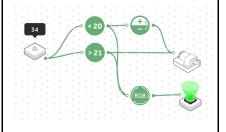


| Connect the Compare blocks to the Light Sensor Block. Open the settings and set them to: • < 20 • > 21 | 37 |
|--|------|
| Connect the Wheel to the DC Motor block. | - AS |
| Connect: < 20 Compare block to the Inverse block and the Inverse block to the DC Motor block > 20 Compare block to the DC Motor block | 39 |
| Drag on and Pair: Light Sensor block RGB LED block DC Motor block | |
| Secure the Car Controller to the Car Chassis with blu tack and place the blocks in the slots. | |



Connect:

- The output of both Compare blocks to the Cycle Colors block
- The Cycle Colors block to the RGB LED block



We can use transitional phrases to talk about the order events or actions that take place. Practice by using transitional phrases in order to present your system.

| Time & Sequence | Compare (+) | Contrast (-) | Cause and Effect |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| first/second/third | also | but | because |
| next | equally | however | so |
| after | likewise | otherwise | therefore |
| then | in addition | on one hand on the other hand | as a result |
| finally/overall/to sum up | similarly | opposite | due to |



Warm Up - "What can you roll?"

In the chart below, fill in the possible results of rolling 2 dice. Two examples have been done for you.

| | 1 | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|---------|---|------|---|
| | 2 | | | | | | |
| <u>.e</u> . | 3 | | | | 7 | 5 | |
| first die | 4 | | | 7 | | | |
| • | 5 | | | | | | |
| | 6 | | | | | | |
| | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| | | | | 2nd die | е | 2 22 | |

Random Numbers

Define the following, in your own words:



Mini-lesson

Keyword Review

Mean - ____

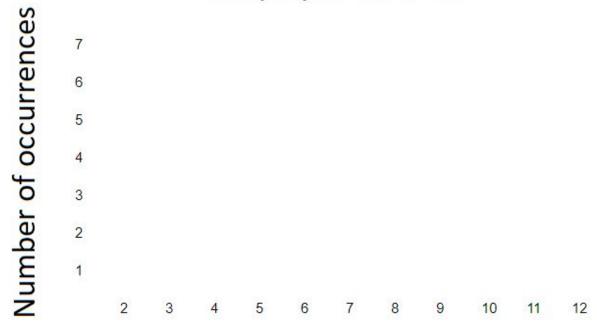
Median - ____

Mode - _____

Dot Plot - _____

Graph the Data

Display of the Data



Roll amount

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.10 Random Numbers



Let's Discuss

| In your workbook or with a partner, record, discuss, or share one example of another time when graphical data might be easier to analyz than a list of data. |
|--|
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |

Random Numbers



Challenge 1

Look at the pictures and read the steps that describe Challenge 1. What happens first? Second? Third? Write the number of the step to match each picture.

Step 1 has been completed for you.

| Steps | Instructions | Workspace |
|---------|--|--|
| | Connect the 'Prompt For Number' block to the first slot for the Create list block. Change the text to "1st roll:" | © create list with prompt for maximum with westage to list rolls to |
| Step 1. | Remove the 'Prompt for Number' block from the 'Set Variable' block. Keep it on the workspace. | prompt for number * with message 44 Enter the number * program start * set mandomDice * to * print mandomDice * print mandomDice * to * print mandomDice * print mandomDi |
| | From the 'List' tab, drag a 'Sort Numeric Ascending' block to the workspace. From the 'Variables' tab, drag a 'Variable' block to the workspace. Ensure the 'Variable' block to 'randomDice'. Connect the Sort block to the 2nd Set variable block. | set CandonDice.co to O create list with prompt for Commons. print [randonDice.co] |
| | Click "RUN" to input the 6 values, one after each roll of the dice. | [2,4,5,6,7,7] |
| | From the 'Variable' tab, select 'Create Variable' and name it 'Order'. | New variable name: Order |

Random Numbers



| Click the gear icon on the 'Create List' block. Drag 4 additional 'Item' blocks within the 'List' block. There will 6 'Item' blocks altogether. | program start set transcrottes to ① create list with print randomotes |
|--|--|
| From the 'Variables' tab, drag a 'Set Variable to' block onto the workspace. Choose 'Order' as the variable. Attach it between the 'Print' block and the 1st 'Set Variable' block. | program start set randomDice to create list with proprocessor proprocessor proprocessor proprocessor processor proc |
| From the 'List' tab, drag a 'Create List With' block onto the workspace. Connect it to the 'Set Variable' block. | program start set randomDice 1 to reate list with print randomDice 1 |
| Duplicate the 'Prompt For Number' block and fill the other slots. Change the text to "2nd roll:" up to, "6th roll:" | prompt for Commontal with message 1 1st mol11 prompt for Commontal with message 2 2nd mol11 prompt for Commontal with message 2 2nd mol11 prompt for Commontal with message 2 2nd mol11 prompt for Commontal with message 3 2nd mol11 prompt for Commontal with message 3 2nd mol11 prompt for Commontal with message 3 2nd mol11 |
| Change the 'Print' block 'Variable' to 'Order'. | program start set Coder 3 to sort numeric 3 exceeding 2 randontice > print (Coder 3) |

Student Workbook: Lesson 4.10

Random Numbers



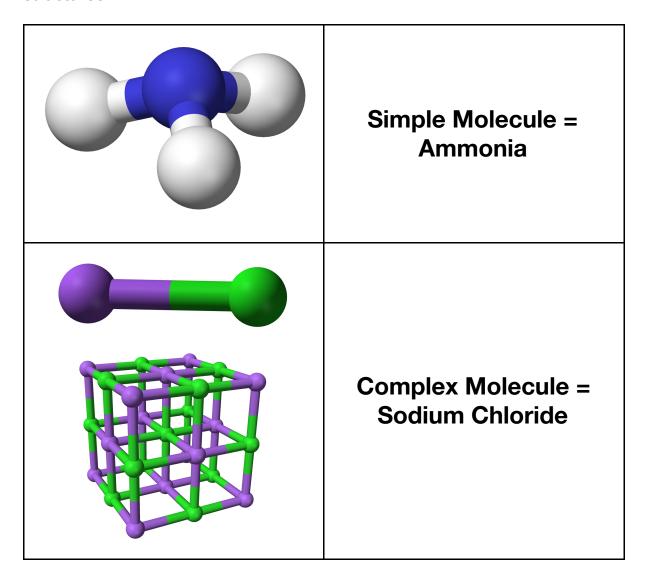
We can use transitional phrases to talk about the order events or actions that take place. Practice by using transitional phrases in order to present your system.

| Time & Sequence | Compare (+) | Contrast (-) | Cause and Effect |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| first/second/third | also | but | because |
| next | equally | however | so |
| after | likewise | otherwise | therefore |
| then | in addition | on one hand on the other hand | as a result |
| finally/overall/to sum up | similarly | opposite | due to |



Warm Up - Build the Molecule

All objects are made of materials and all materials made up of the molecules/elements. Can you use the objects given to create these two structures?





Mini-lesson

Keyword Review

Fill in the blanks with the appropriate keyword using the word bank below.

| Kinetic energy | Mass | Joules |
|------------------|-------|----------|
| Potential energy | Speed | Velocity |
| | | |

| All objects that are moving conta | in | If er | ergy is |
|--|---------------|---------------------------|---------|
| stored for later use it is called | | | |
| Kinetic energy can be calculated | by the follow | ving formula: | |
| kinetic energy = 0.5 x | x | 2. | |
| Kinetic energy is measured in | | , Mass is measur | ed in |
| kilograms and speed is measured | d in metres p | er second squared. Spe | ed can |
| be referred to as | too. | | |
| Let's Discuss | | | |
| In your workbook or with a part objects that possess kinetic en | | , discuss, or share a rai | nge of |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |



Challenge 2

Experiments need to gather data and using this table you can collect the data generated from your kinetic energy experiment. An example has been entered.

| Hair Dryer setting | Object Mass | Number of objects | Duration of test (seconds) | Distance travelled |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| High | 0.05 kilograms | 1 | 1 | 27cm |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |



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